## Method one for getting a subject average across two scans

1st-level feat (subject)		2 <sup>nd</sup> -level feat (subject)	3 <sup>rd</sup> -level feat (group model)	2 <sup>nd</sup> -level feat (subject)		1 <sup>st</sup> -level feat (subject)
fixed effects		fixed effects	fixed effects	fixed effects		fixed effects
Scan 1						Scan 2
Run 1	<u> </u>				Ľ	Run 1
Run 2	$\rightarrow$	Scan1 avg →	Subject average	← Scan2 avg	+	Run 2
Run 3	<b>→</b>		(output: one per subject)		<b>←</b>	Run 3
Run 4	7		<b>V</b>		1	Run 4
			4th-level feat (2 groups) mixed effects			
			Inputs: 3 <sup>rd</sup> -level COPEs of subject avgs			
			Use EVs to specify Group A or Group B			

Output:

Group A average vs.
Group B average

## Method two for getting a subject average across two scans

1st-level feat		2 <sup>nd</sup> -level feat		1st-level feat
(subject)		(subject)		(subject)
fixed effects		fixed effects		fixed effects
Scan 1				Scan 2
Run 1	7		K	Run 1
Run 2	<b></b>	Subject average	<b>←</b>	Run 2
Run 3	$\rightarrow$	_	<b>←</b>	Run 3
Run 4	₹	<b>V</b>	<b>K</b>	Run 4
		3 <sup>rd</sup> -level feat		_
		(2 groups)		
		mixed effects		
		Inputs: 2 <sup>nd</sup> -level COPEs of subject avgs		
		Use EVs to specify		
		Group A or Group B		
		Output: Group A average vs. Group B average		

Could someone explain to me the source of the difference in results for the subject average? Is there a good reason why one of these approaches is better or worse than the other?