

SWINBURNE UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY Get out of my space: designing a curriculumled, non-teaching, learning space



The problem of designing

□ Designing learning spaces is a 'wicked problem'*
□ All design is open-ended
□ There are no right answers
□ We align our design with what we think we need
□ And hope that we have aligned better than before
□ We aim to make it better for someone
□ It may not be better for everyone
□ Evaluation is easy or complex, depending on your perspective



The problem of designing

☐ In the universities I have visited there are:
 ☐ Corridor 'learning streets'
 ☐ Reproductions of gentlemen's clubs
 ☐ Private library spaces
 ☐ Open air workspaces with wireless and sockets
 ☐ Teaching rooms with interactive consoles and turning tables
 ☐ Lecture halls with central pods and group tables
 ☐ Each in response to a wicked problem
 ☐ Each problem definition different



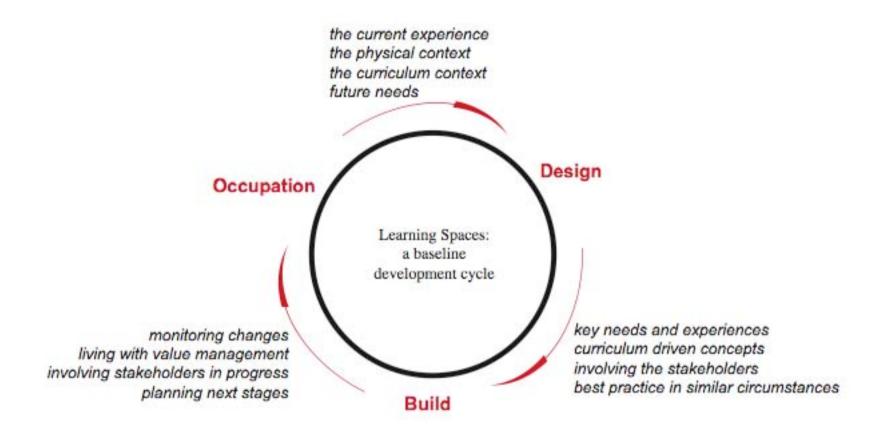


SWINBURNE
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The example of the Hawthorn Project Hub



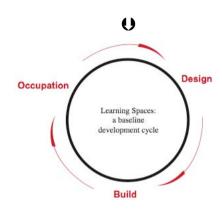
Development cycle





The current experience

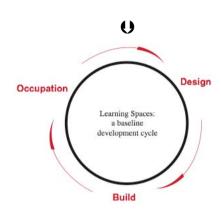
- ☐ Digital Learning Initiative outcomes
- "...a physical place which utilises technology and which, through innovative application, provides some form of campus heart." *
- ☐ Group project experiences study
 - ☐ Second most common choice
 - ☐ Considered most important
 - ☐ Travel and schedules





Future needs

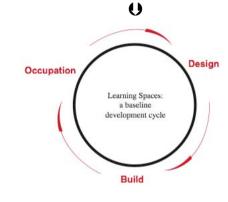
- ☐ Final Year Experience major capstone projects
 - ☐ In 2009, at Hawthorn alone, approximately 1800 students are engaged in final year projects, 89 units, and four faculties
 - ☐ By 2010, this number will rise to 2500 in 95+ units
 - ☐ More than half of those will be working in groups
 - ☐ A quarter working with external partners





Curriculum context

- What students do
 - ☐ Team meetings, brainstorming and general collaboration
 - ☐ Small group peer reviews and cross-group collaboration
 - □ Project development including writing and multimedia work
 - ☐ Presentations including inter and intra group rehearsal and review
 - ☐ Individual and informal social study
 - ☐ Meetings and presentations with external partners or clients
 - ☐ Web conferencing and events
- An independent learning space
- A professional commons
- NOT a teaching space

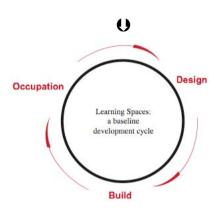




The physical context

- □ Urban Campus
- □ Growing student numbers
- ☐ Over-subscribed library
- ☐ Long term redevelopment projects (holes in ground)
- ☐ Urgency and relative prioritisation of needs
 - □ Research groups
 - ☐ Teaching rooms (timetabling!)
 - ☐ Office space
- □ Where??





Where?



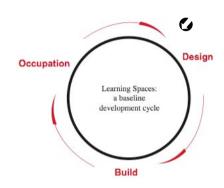


From proposal to design

- ☐ Proposal to DVC(A) November 2007
- ☐ Proposal to Council December 2007
- ☐ Capital funds granted (\$2.5m)

 December 2007
- ☐ First contact with stakeholder groups

 January 2008
- □ Deadline February 2009





From proposal to design

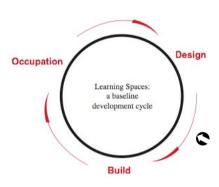
- ☐ Facilities and services brief architects January 2008
- ☐ First designs arrive February 2008



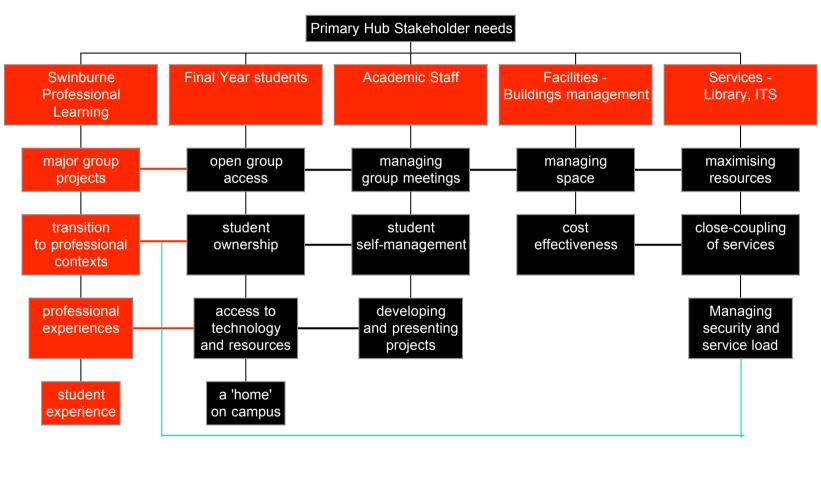
Designing

- ☐ Team briefs architects February 2008
- □ Design group
 - □ Facilities and Services
 - ☐ Final Year Experience team
 - □ Library
 - ☐ Architect (DL Design Group)
- ☐ Reference group
 - ☐ Educational Coordinators (4), project unit coordinators (7) and students (4) from Hawthorn faculties
 - ☐ By: Group circulation, email, feedback requests, meetings
- □ Visits to
 - ☐ Faculty academic groups, student groups, corporate units





Stakeholders





Close relations

Points of contrast

Designing

- Project based learning concepts
 - □ Creativity
 - □ Interaction
 - □ Reflection
 - □ Action
 - □ Communication
- Primary zone concepts
 - □ Creative
 - □ Social
 - □ Focus





Final design





Focus spaces

Meeting rooms, boardrooms, computer hall Networked screens, conference tables, PC's

Creative spaces

Wall length whiteboards
Relaxed tables and chairs
Storage and standing/sitting boundaries

Social spaces

Soft flexible seating, low chairs Wall-size pinboards, projection screen

Gallery walls and exhibition spaces Booths (quiet places) Transitional tables (in access area) Docking stations (for plugging in)

Final design





Access

Via library 'late lab' 24/7 - student swipecards Lecturers and clients - by invitation

Security

4 cameras, alarmed exits

Networks and power

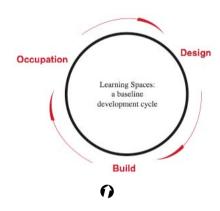
Every space has multiple hardwired Additional wireless stations

Ventilation/lighting

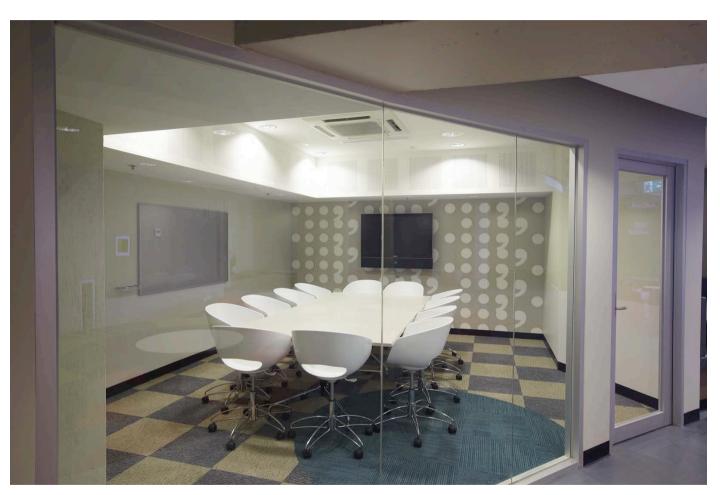
New plant required

Build

- Timeline
 - □ People moved out of their parking June 08
 - ☐ Construction tender started July 08
 - ☐ Construction started August 08
 - □ Completed February 09



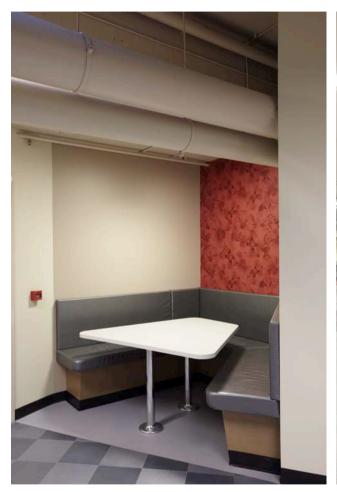






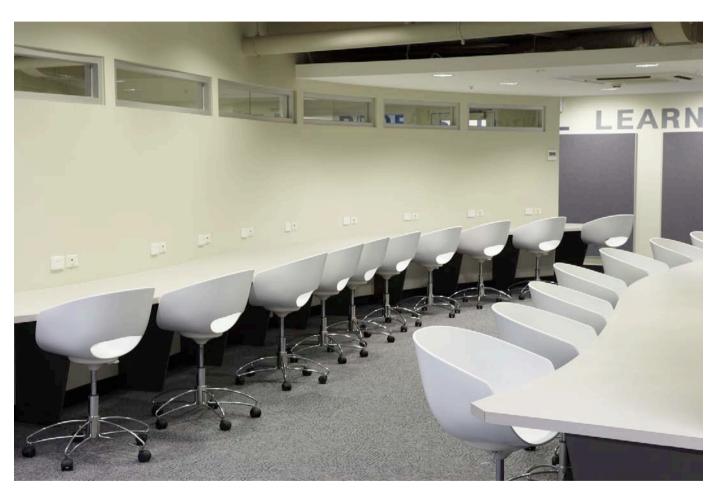








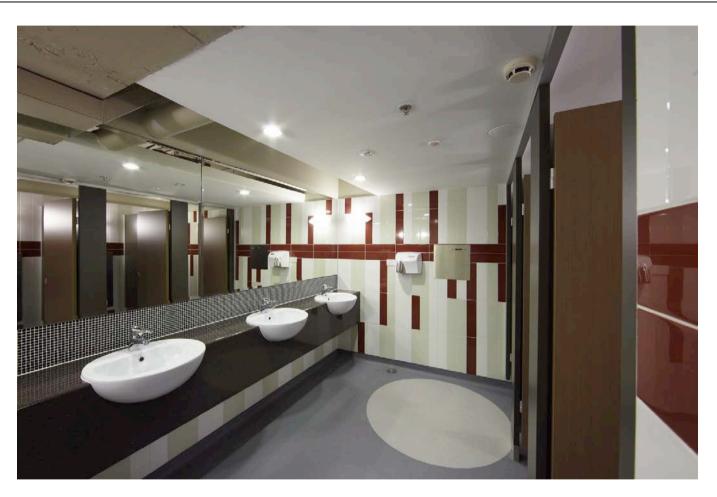








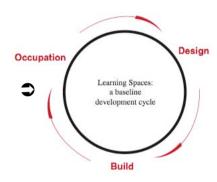






Designing still

- New problems requiring design solutions
 - ☐ Access system catch up
 - ☐ Student involvement
 - □ Value management
 - □ Publicity
 - □ Other!
 - ☐ Meanwhile, we are moving on to occupancy





Occupancy





Occupancy



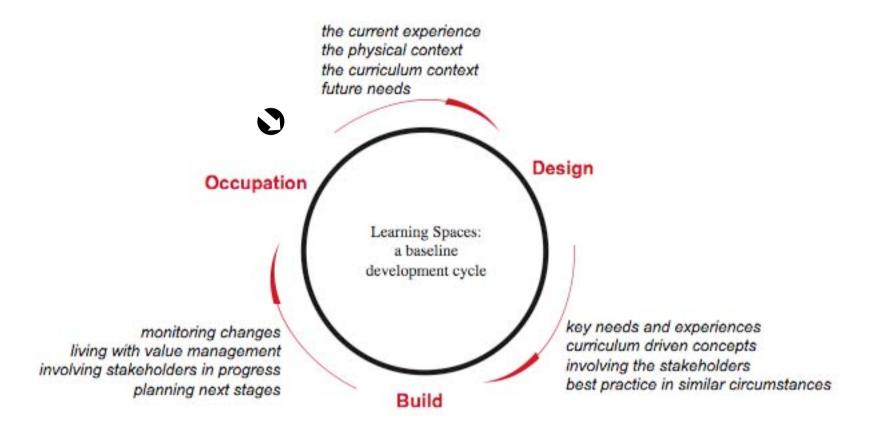


Occupancy





Back to here...





Development cycle for the Hub

- Needs analysis
 - □ Curriculum context
 - ☐ Physical context
 - ☐ Stakeholder needs
- Pre and post design evaluation
 - □ Reference group
 - ☐ Hub management committee
- Now
 - □ Post-occupancy
 - □ Pre-design



Evaluation

Evaluation is easy or complex, depending on your perspective

In a wicked problem there are:

Unique problems

No true or false answers

No predefined solutions

Non-transferable solutions

Impossible to test?



Post occupancy evaluation

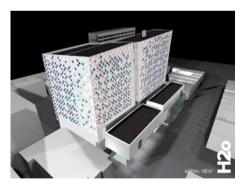
- ☐ The priorities and common practice in evaluation were different
 - ☐ Library counts numbers
 - ☐ Facilities counts efficiency
 - ☐ Academics count outcomes
 - ☐ Students count experience
- □ Our mixed methods
 - ☐ Count frequency and occupancy
 - ☐ Survey satisfaction
 - □ Video observations



Urgency

- Atrium Centre Lilydale (3 levels, 2009)
- Student Services Building (3 levels, 2010)
- Advanced Technologies Centre (8 levels, 2011)
- Post-graduate student centre (?)







We never educate directly, but indirectly by means of the environment. Whether we permit chance environments to do the work, or whether we design environments for the purpose makes a great difference.

John Dewey (1906)



Thank you

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